M1.(a) Air

Steel
(b)


Allow 1 mark for the correct meanings linked to context but incorrect way around
(c) Damp litmus paper turns white
(d) Iron(III)

M2.(a) 50
(b) $5 \%$
(c) any two from:

- $\quad$ cost (9 carat is cheaper)
- pure gold is soft
or
24 carat gold is soft
or
9 carat gold is harder
allow 9 carat gold is stronger allow gold is an alloy in 9 carat gold
- can change the colour
[4]

M3.(a) sodium loses (electron)
chlorine gains (electron)

1 or an (electron)
(b) (i) Have no overall electric charge
(ii) Should iodine be added to salt?

- cannot be done by experiment accept difficult to get / not enough evidence
- based on opinion / view
allow must be done by survey
- ethical or economic issue.
(c) (i) nitric (acid)
(ii) an alkali
(iii) indicator
accept any named acid base indicator
(d) (i) Crystallisation
(ii) fertiliser
allow to help crops grow
(iii) any one from:
- pressure
allow concentration
- temperature
ignore heat
- catalyst.

M4.(a) alloy
(b) in mixture:
different sized / bigger atoms
so there are no layers / rows / lines (to slide)
accept converse
(c) any two from:
ignore references to bend and mould

- cost
- toxicity
- strength
- appearance of brace
- unreactive or resistant to corrosion / saliva allow rusting as alternative to corrosion
(d) crosslinks
(ii) harder
(b) (i) 162.5
correct answer with or without working gains $\mathbf{2}$ marks
if no answer or incorrect answer then evidence of correct working [56 + (3x35.5)] gains 1 mark
(ii) 34.46
accept rounding from 34-34.5
correct answer with or without working gains $\mathbf{2}$ marks
accept ecf from (b)(i) correctly calculated for $\mathbf{2}$ marks
if no answer or incorrect answer then evidence of 56 / 162.5 or 56
/ answer to (b)(i) gains
1 mark

M6.
(a) $+1 /+$
electron

> allow phonetic spelling
(b) (i) elements
(ii) non-metal
(c) soft
an alloy
(d)


## neutrons in

 Ag atomone mark for each correct link
extra lines lose the mark

M7. (a) (i) $2.5(\mathrm{~kg})$ ignore units
(ii) 40\% (cement) and Test 3
ignore units
because it is anomalous or because it is much lower than the other two readings
accept value not used to calculate mean ignore outlier
(iii) as the percentage of cement increases the mass needed to break the sleeper increases
allow 'strength' for 'mass needed' allow correct relationship using percentage of sand
(iv) volume/percentage / amount of water accept temperature
(b) any two from:

- availability (of the raw materials)
- cost of the raw materials
- purity (of the raw materials)

M8. (a) 79

79
(b) hundred
(c) (i) electron(s)
(ii) three
(d) changes rate of reaction
accept lowers activation energy
or
speeds up / slows down reaction
accept reduces costs
(e) (i) melt
(ii) crosslinking
allow answers on diagram
or
(covalent) bonds between polymers / chains
allow bonds between layers
do not allow intermolecular

